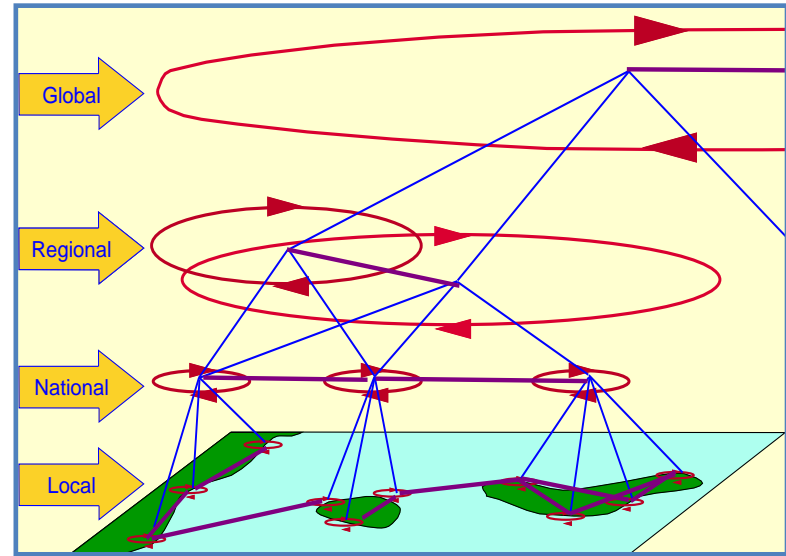


National level interactions with regional organisations



Patricia Goff, Lucia Fanning, Robin Mahon,
Patrick McConney, Kemraj Parsram, Tim Shaw
and Bertha Simmons

What interests us

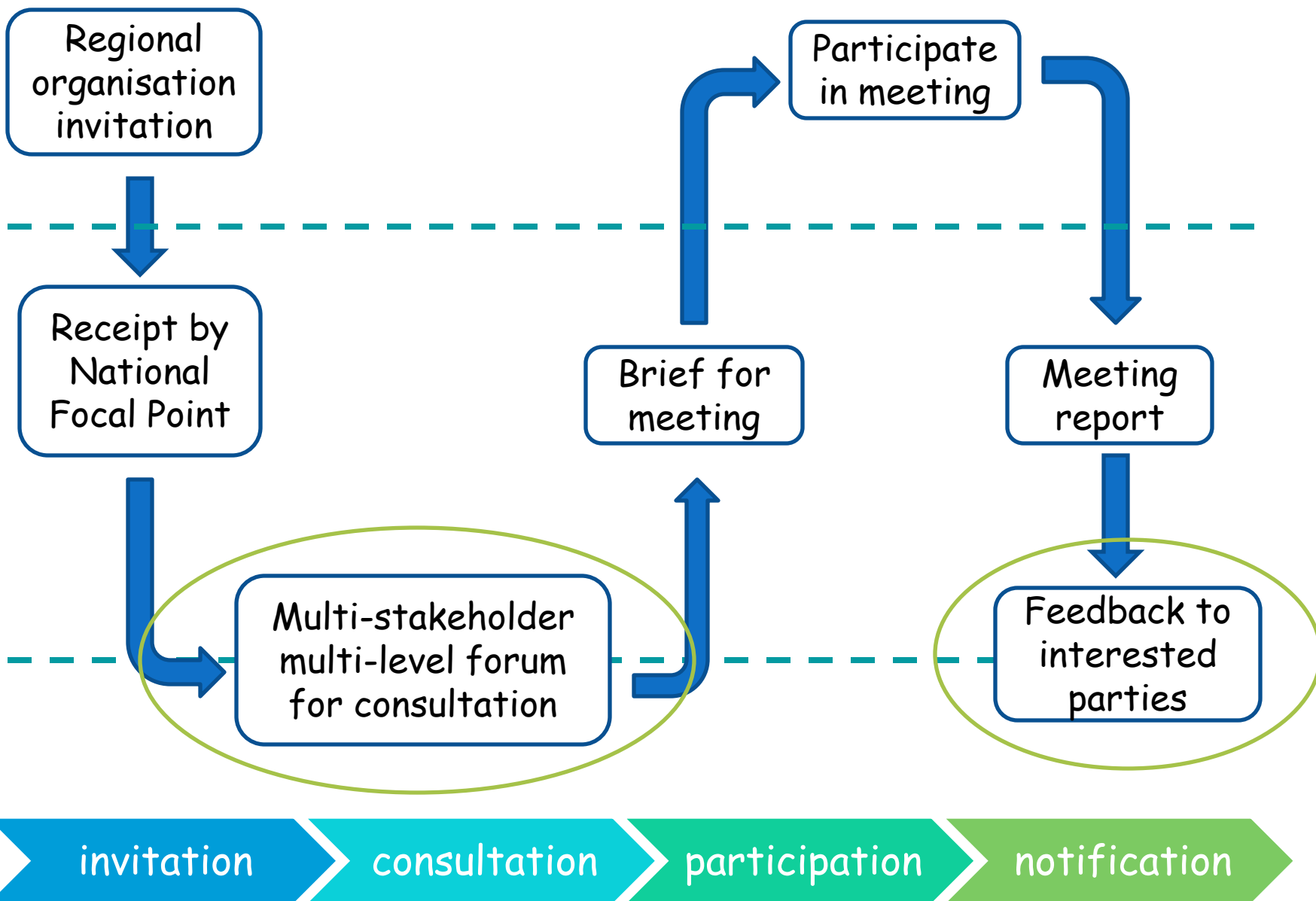
- ▶ The Caribbean Sea Commission and other regional organisations inevitably hold meetings at which genuinely national representation is expected, but
 - ▶ (How) is genuine national representation generated?
 - ▶ Who are the players and what are the processes?
 - ▶ How resilient are national representation routines?
 - ▶ Why do patterns of preparation and feedback change?
 - ▶ What learning from research guides improvements?



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Regional organisation invitation

Participate in meeting

Receipt by National Focal Point

Brief for meeting

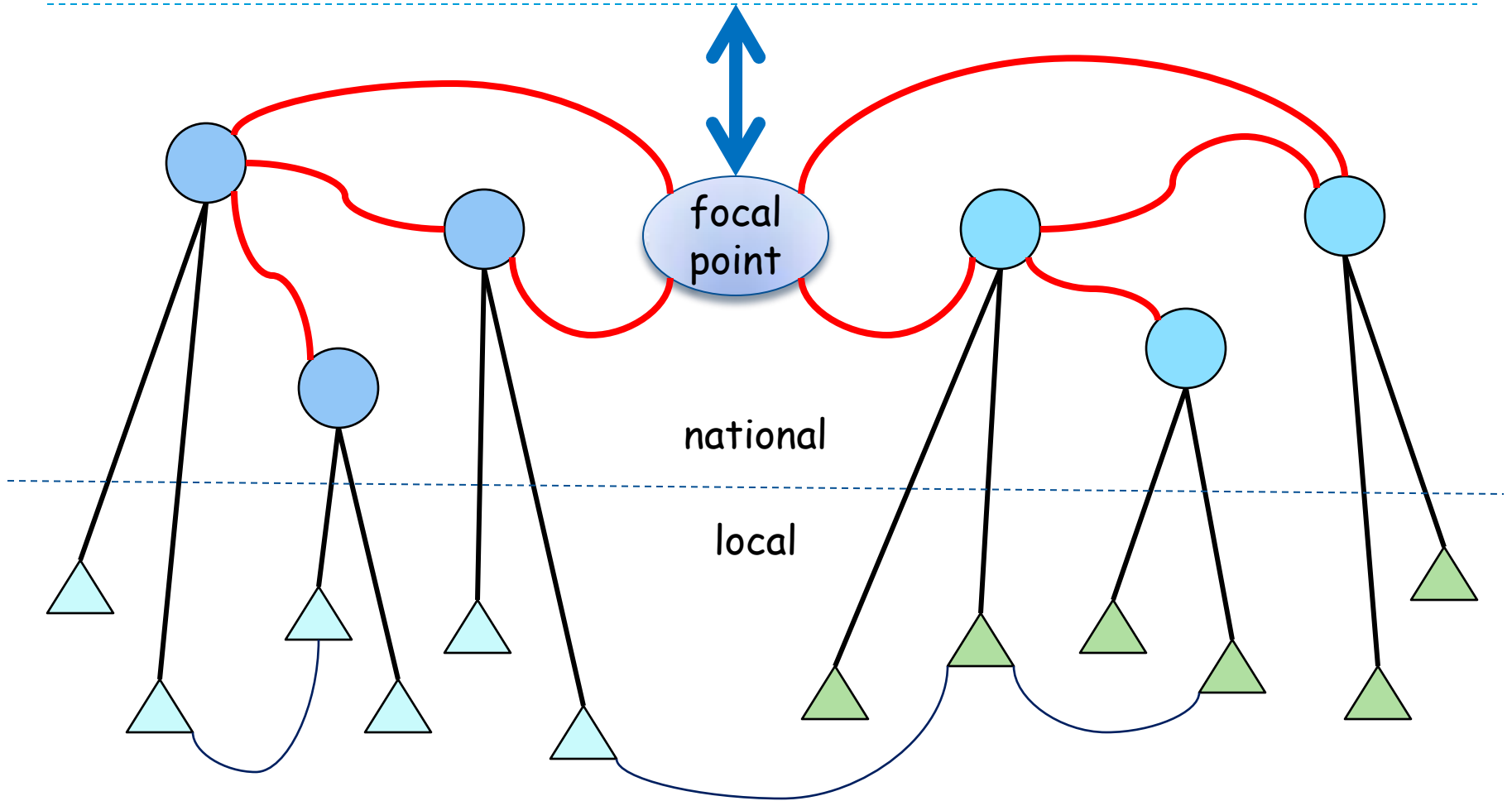
Meeting report

Multi-stakeholder multi-level forum for consultation

Feedback to interested parties

invitation consultation participation notification

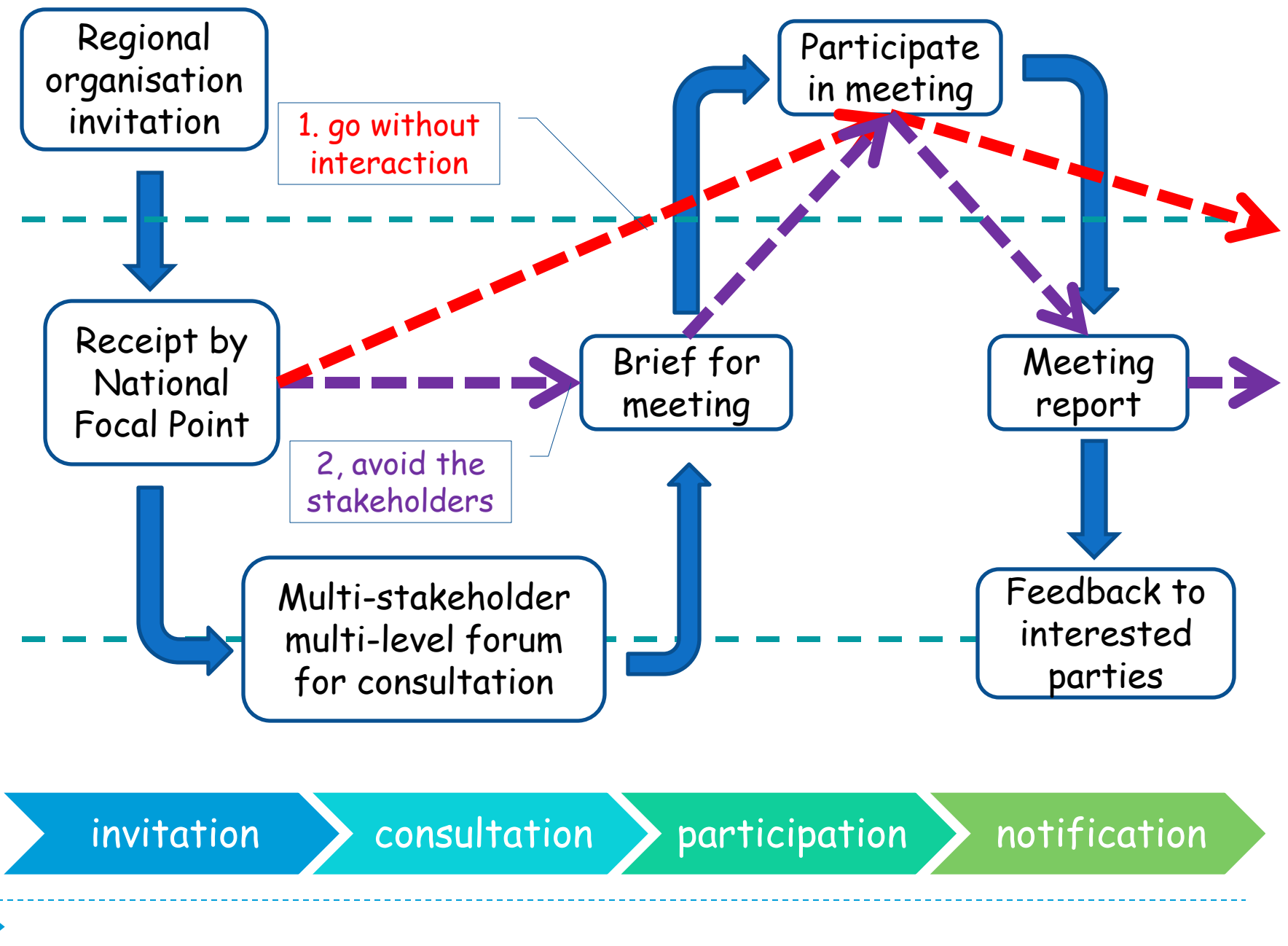
Multi-stakeholder multi-level consultation



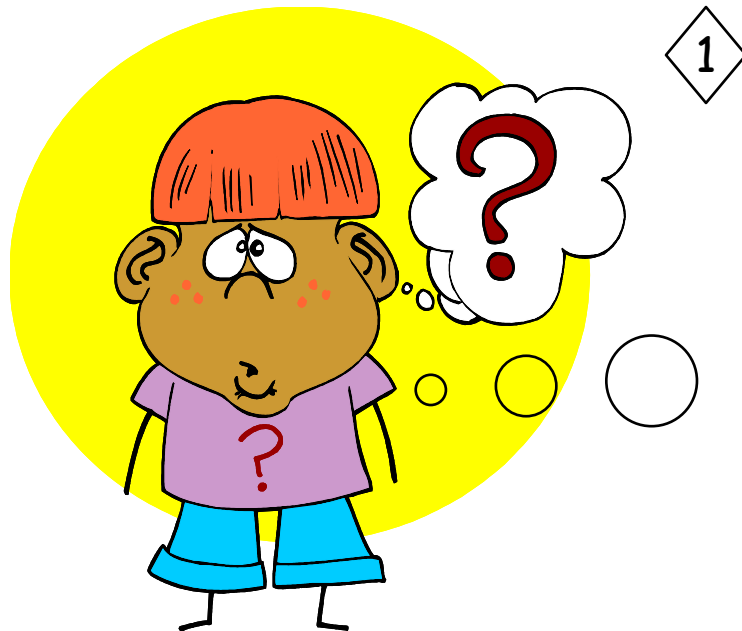
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Sustainable Governance of the Caribbean Sea: Exploring Horizontal and Vertical Linkages for Effective Governance



Let's do a small study to get some answers!

2



Methods

Preliminary assessment: Telephone survey solicited 3 expert opinions per country (39 countries) on national delegates' preparatory and feedback communication regarding meetings of intergovernmental agencies and/or regional projects dealing with marine matters.

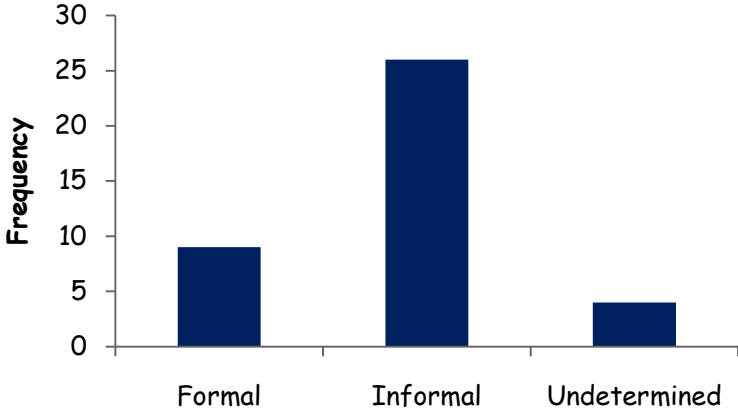
Detailed case studies: Belize, BVI, Dominican Republic, Guatemala, Grenada, St. Lucia, Jamaica, Colombia visits.

Face-to-face interviews with a selection of government, NGOs and private sector agencies.

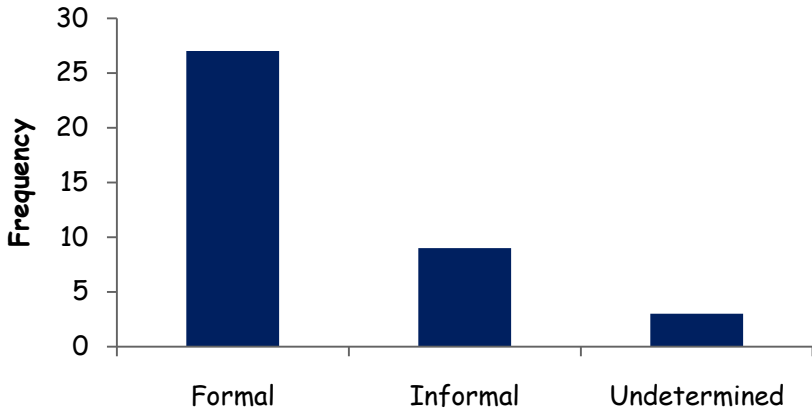
Questions regarding preparation and feedback relevant to the two most recent meetings of the UNEP IGM and the CLME project or other relevant regional meeting of a similar stature.

Preliminary assessment of communication arrangements

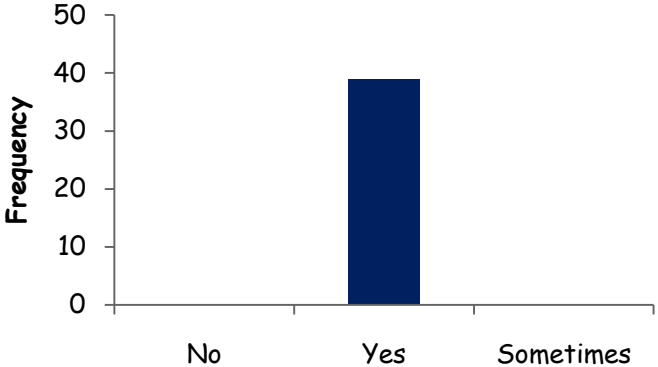
Pre-meeting preparation arrangement



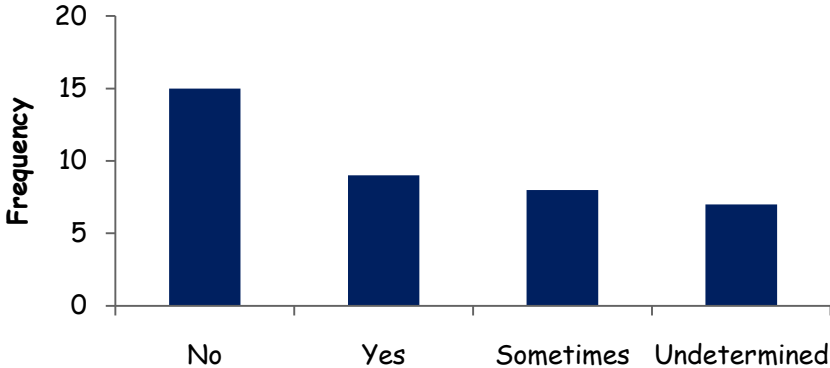
Post-meeting feedback arrangement



Level of communication :- national Governmental

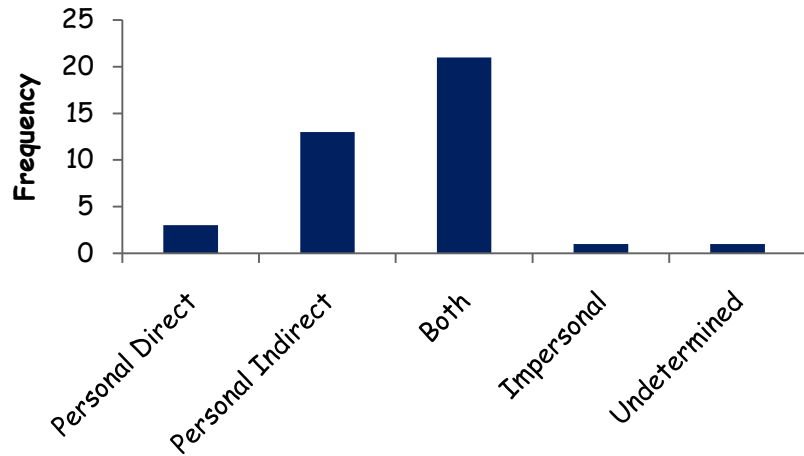


Level of communication :- local/national civil society & private sector

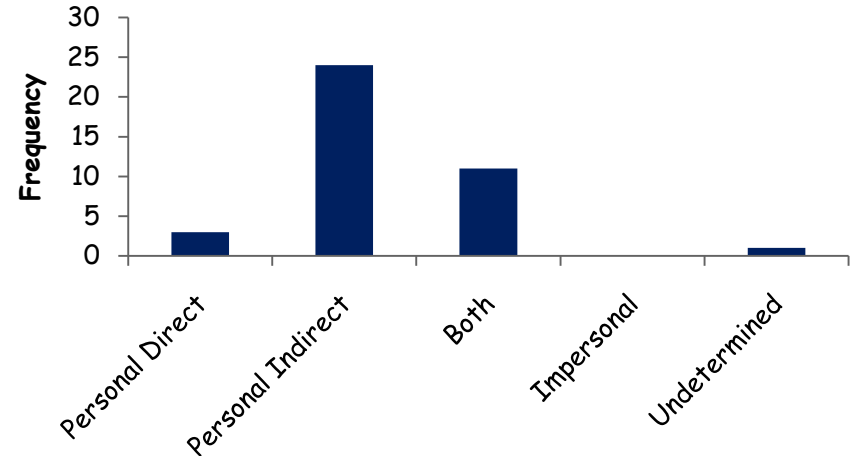


Preliminary assessment of means and frequency of communication

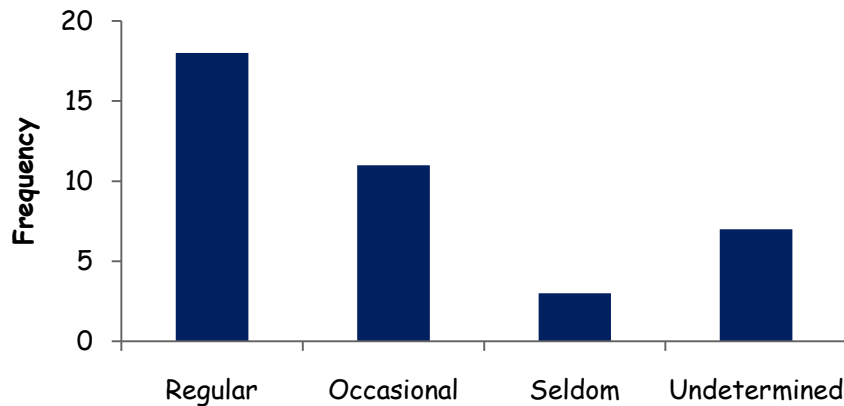
Pre-meeting preparation pathway



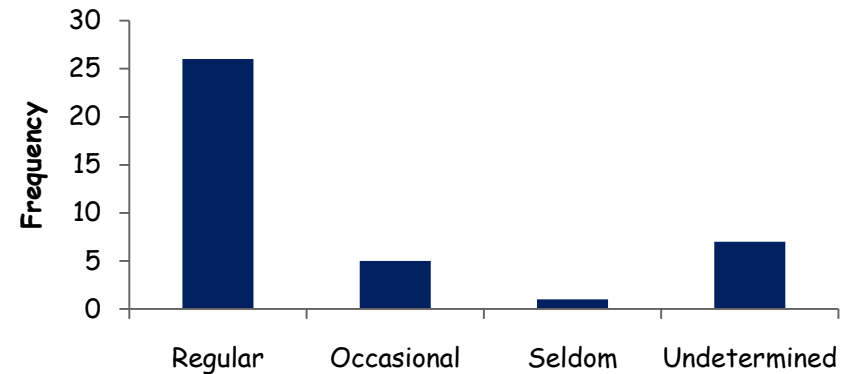
Post-meeting feedback pathway



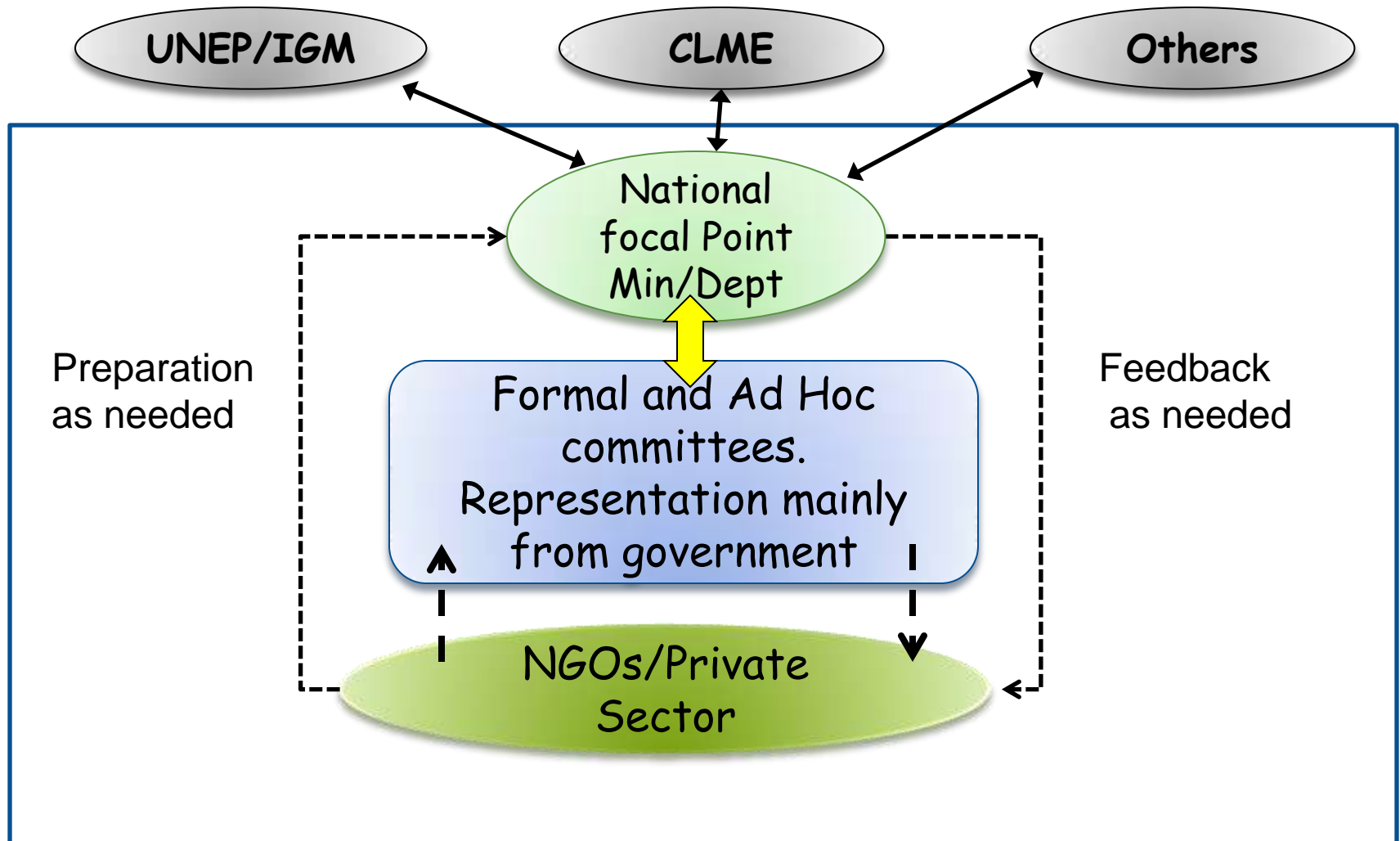
Pre-meeting preparation frequency of communication



Post-meeting feedback frequency of communication



Example of national interaction/communication



The case of Jamaica

UNEP/IGM

Regional Task Force
GLOBALLAST

National Level

NEPA rep.

Maritime Authority rep.

GLOBALLAST National Task Force

NCOCZM

- Environmental Management Division
- Ministry of Foreign Affairs and Foreign Trade
- Attorney General's Chambers
- Ministry of Energy and Mining
- Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries
- Ministry of Tourism
- Jamaica National Heritage Trust
- Planning Institute of Jamaica
- Port Authority of Jamaica
- National Land Agency
- National Commission on Science and Technology
- UWI/ Marine Geology Unit
- Caribbean Maritime Institute
- Northern Jamaica Conservation Association

MOH
Min Transport

Maritime Authority
NEPA
JDF-Coast Guard
UWI/CMS
Shipping Association

Some findings

- ▶ Sectoral/fragmented approach reduces effectiveness
- ▶ Ad hoc (in)formal committees hold infrequent meetings
- ▶ Multi-stakeholder arrangements recognized as promising
- ▶ Inadequate civil society /private sector representation
- ▶ Narrow forum agendas restrict input into marine meetings
- ▶ Post-meeting feed-back and communication is irregular
- ▶ Weak NGOs and CBOs make communication challenging
- ▶ Inappropriate representative = ineffective representation
- ▶ Informal relations/social networks key for communication
- ▶ Patterns of interaction are typically dynamic and complex
- ▶ **We are still extracting learning from the key findings**

